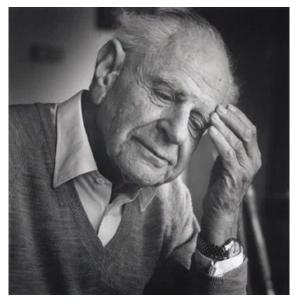
Adventures in Integration: Insights from interdisciplinary transgressions



Edward H Allison
School of Marine and Environmental Affairs
University of Washington



- What is interdisciplinarity and why are we doing it?
- Interdisciplinary practice: fisheries and international development case studies
- Interdisciplinary creativity: serendipity science
- What are we missing?



"We are not students of some subject matter, but students of problems. And problems may cut right across the boundaries of any subject matter or discipline"

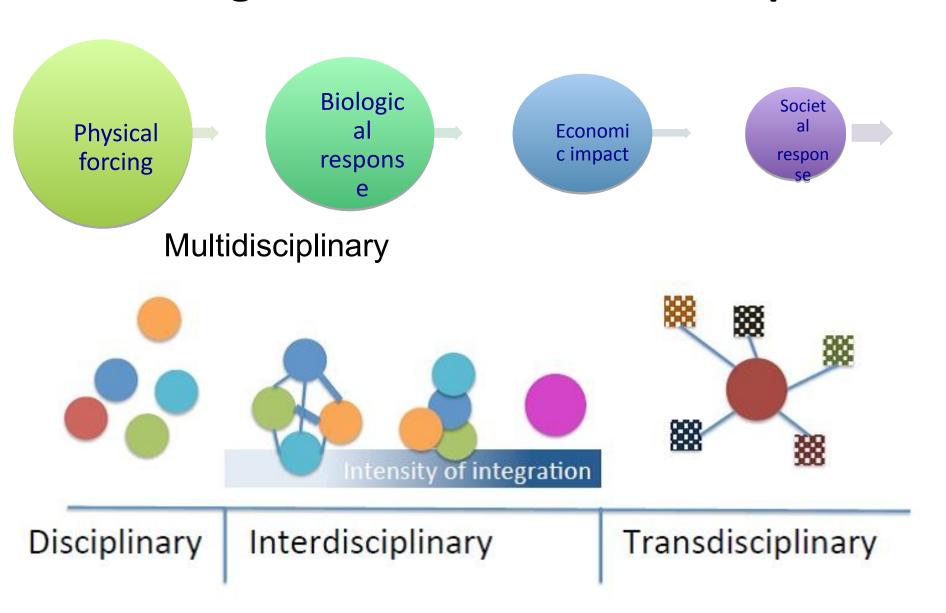
Karl Popper (1963) *Conjectures and Refutations: The Growth of Scientific Knowledge*. New York: Routledge and Kegan Paul, p. 88.

"The world has problems, but universities have departments"

Garry Brewer (1999) The challenges of interdisciplinarity. *Policy Sciences* 32, p328.

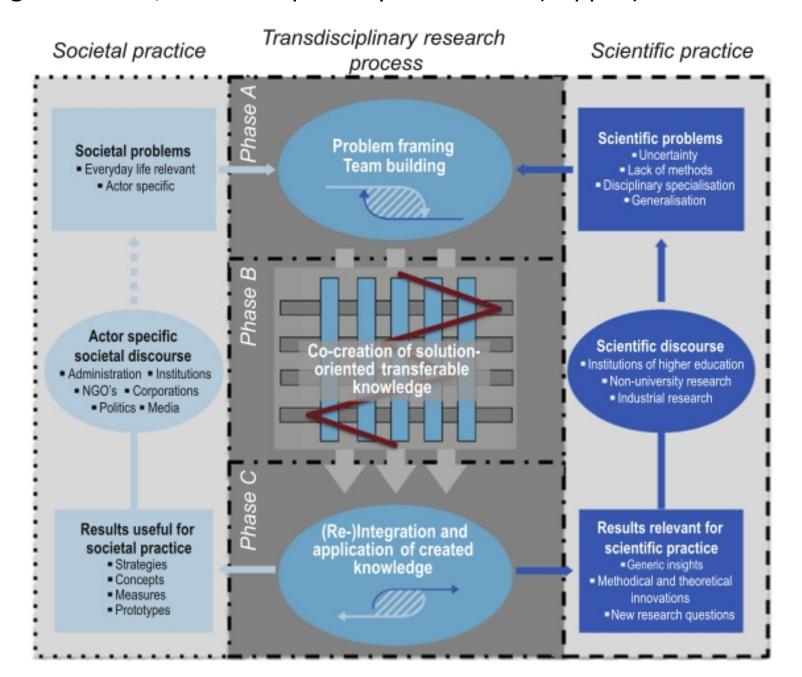


Defining how we work across disciplines



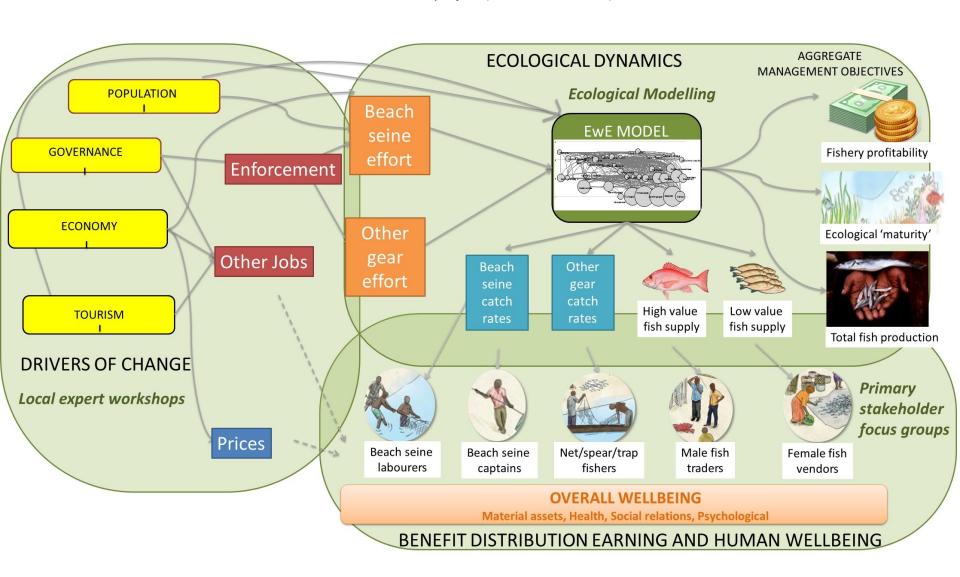
(Various sources: Hadorn et al 2006, Pohl, 2008, Cronin, 2008)

Lang et al. 2010, Transdisciplinarity. Sust. Sci. 7 (Suppl 1): 25-43.



Transdisciplinary integrated assessment

ESPA SPACES project (Tim Daw et al SRC)



http://www.espa.ac.uk/files/espa/P-Mowtick%20Fig%201.jpg



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Climate Change vulnerability analysis framework

(Allison et al. 2009 derived from IPCC 2001)

EXPOSURE

Nature and degree to which countries are *exposed* to predicted climate change

SENSITIVITY

Degree to which economies & people are likely to be affected by fishery-related changes



POTENTIAL IMPACTS

All impacts that may occur without taking into account planned adaptation

ADAPTIVE CAPACITY

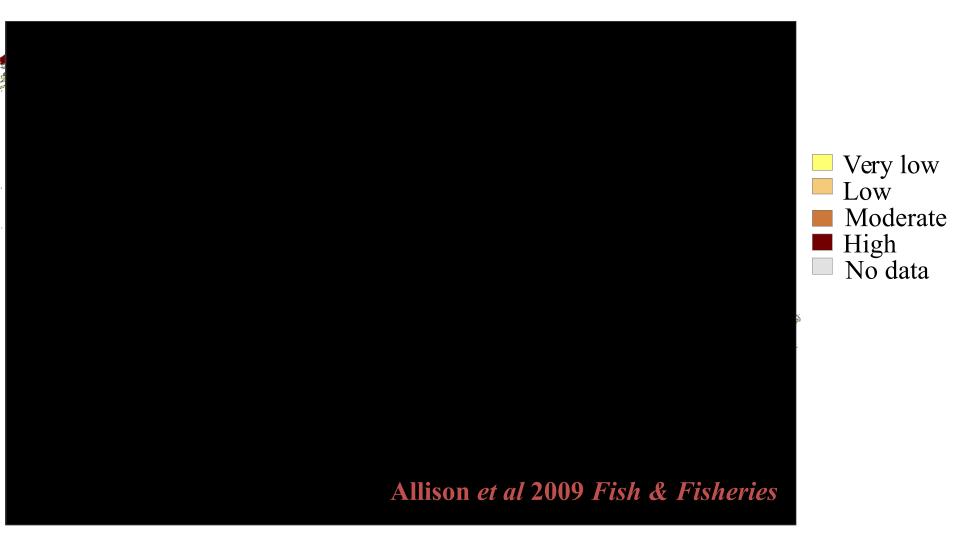
Abilities and resources to cope with climate-related changes





VULNERABILITY

Which national economies are most vulnerable to potential impact of climate change on their fisheries?



2/3 of most vulnerable are Least Developed Countries

Over 400 million of the world's poorest depend on fish for food. How will they adapt to climate change?



D Strate Date of Land

Find out what's at stake Don't let fish slip through the climate change net Fisheries and adsisiy

etsmilD noitetgebe bne



Oceans Day at Copenhagen

The Importance of Oceans, Coasts, and Small Island Developing States in the Climate Regime

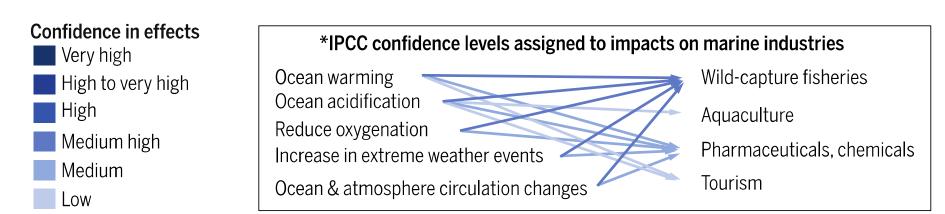
December 14, 2009 8:00 to 22:00

Venue: European Environment Agency, Copenhagen

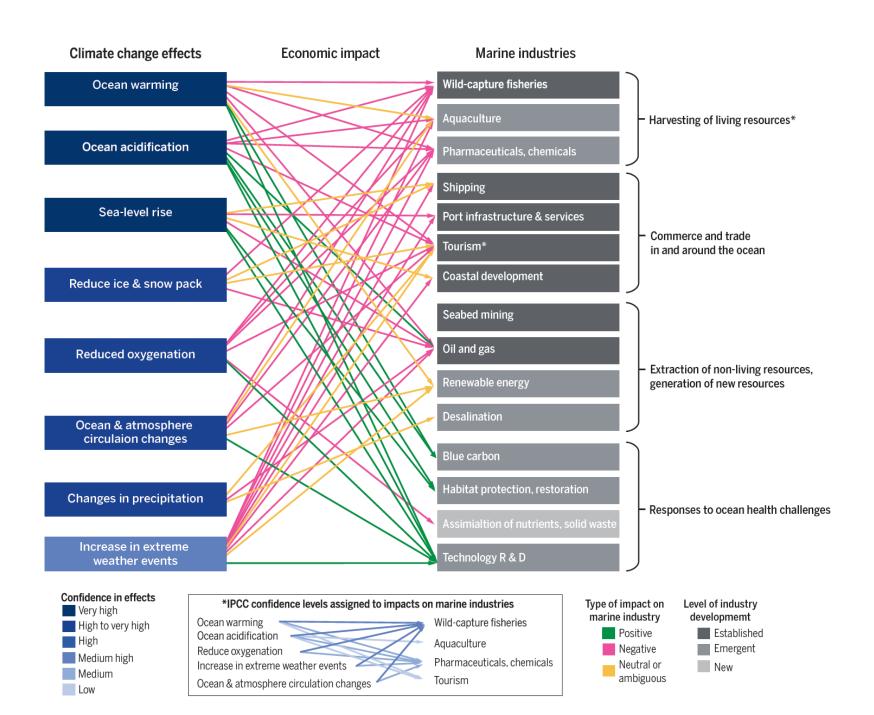
Featuring H.S.H. Prince Albert II of Monaco Indonesian Minister Dr. Fadel Muhammad Grenada's UN Ambassador Dr. Dessima Williams US NOAA Administrator Dr. Jane Lubchenco and other World Leaders



Sectors of the 'blue economy' that are based on living marine resources are all predicted to be negatively impacted under anthropogenic GEC



Allison & Bassett (2015) Climate change in the oceans: human impacts and responses *Science* 350: 778-782





Engaging citizens in climate action: "Fear won't do it"

(O'Neill & Nicholsen-Cole, 2009. Sci. Comm. 30(3)



"non-threatening images that relate to every-day emotions and concerns tend to be the most engaging"





\$50 billion per year

Arnason et al, 2009, The Sunken Billions, The World Bank

IUU Fishing

Subsidies

Maritime crime

Loss of CC adaptive capacity

Loss of ecosystem services

Human rights violations

Food insecurity

Hidden societal costs of the deficits in fisheries governance

Poverty

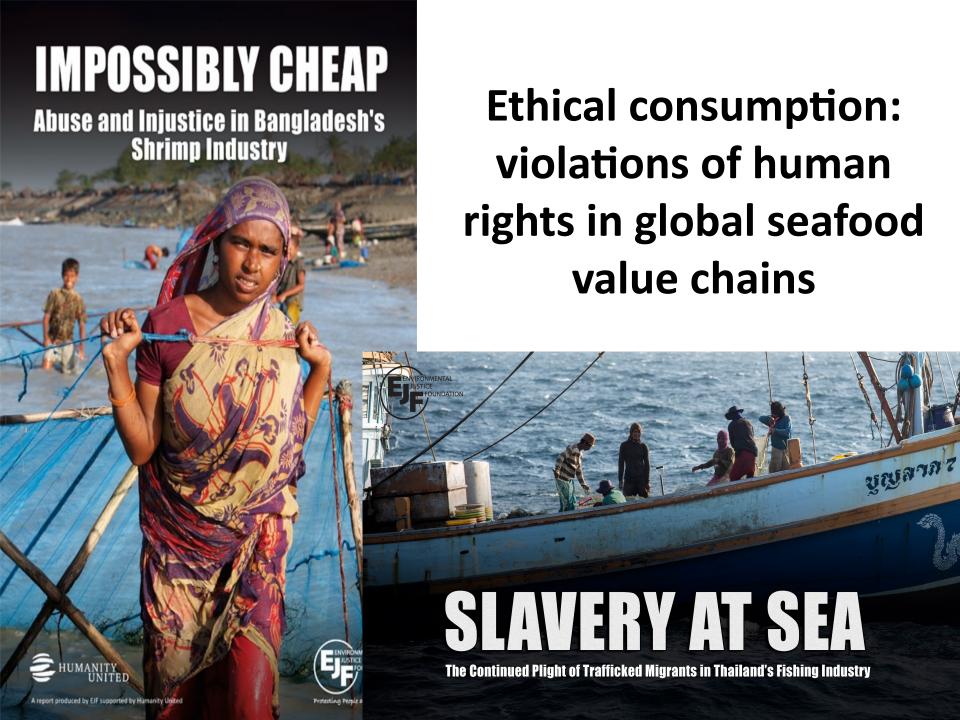
Alternative livelihoods in fisheries



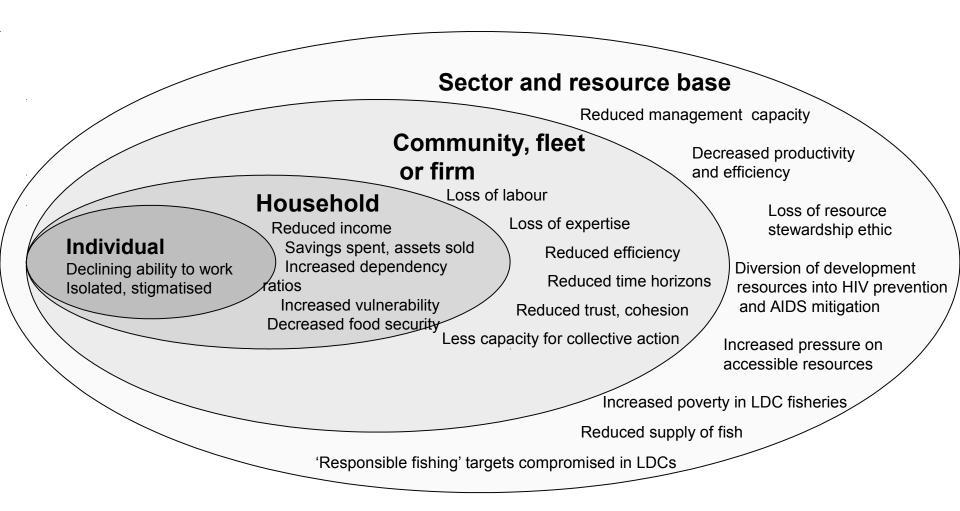


Total global costs of piracy per year = \$ 7-12 Billion (One Earth Foundation, 2010)

– not all attributable to failing fisheries governance!

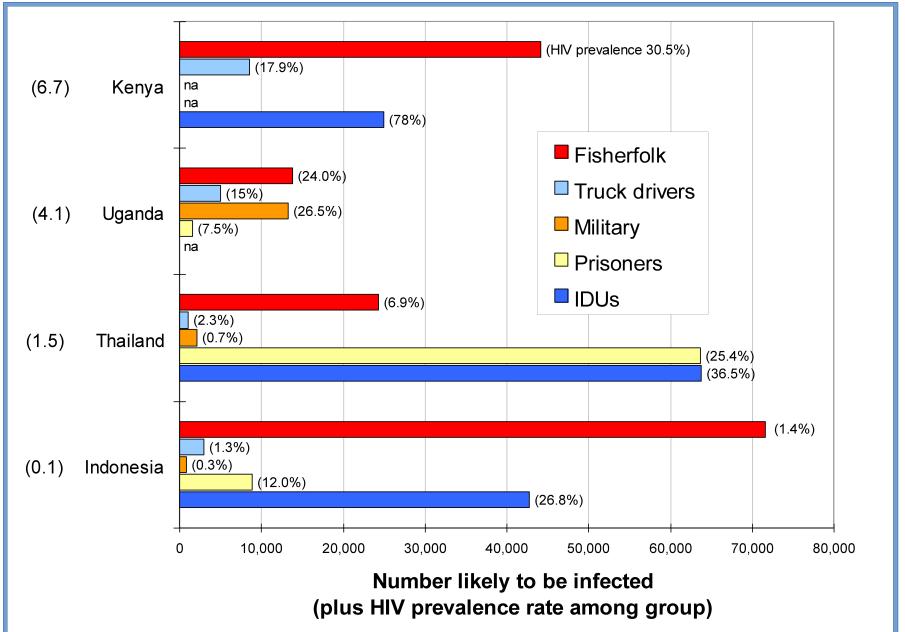


The impacts of HIV/AIDS at different social and economic scales in the fisheries sector



Source: Allison & Seeley (2004) Fish & Fisheries 5: 215-234

HIV prevalence in fishing communities and other groups at risk



Source: Kissling, Allison, Seeley et al 2005, AIDS vol 19.



HIV/AIDS research impact

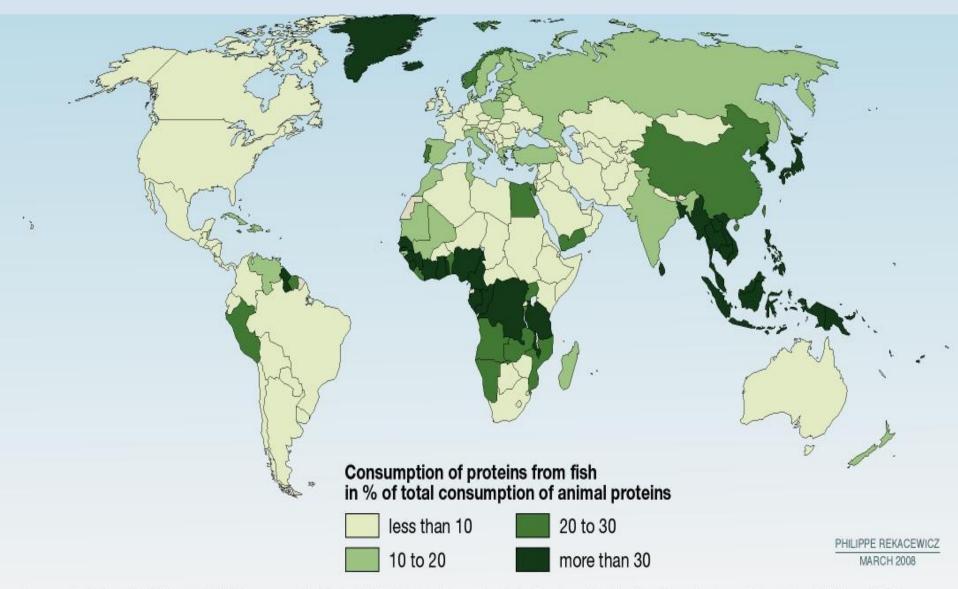
http://impact.ref.ac.uk/CaseStudies/CaseStudy.aspx?Id=1436



Seafood, food security and nutrition

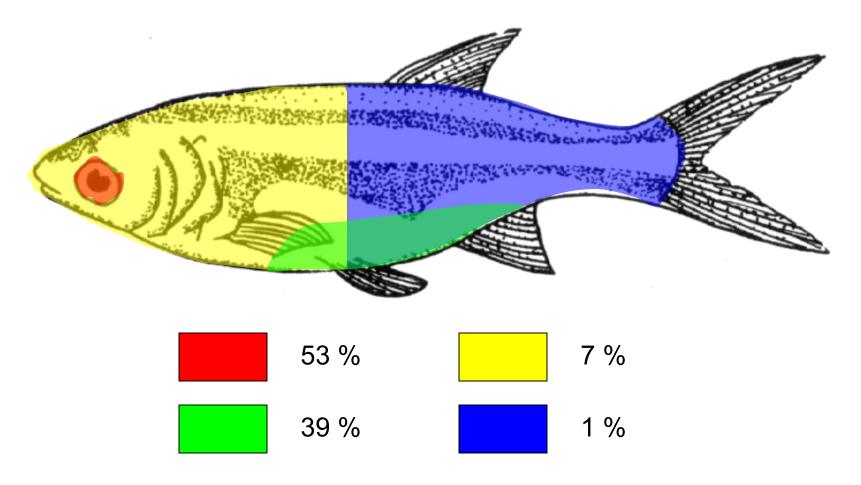


Fish and food security analysis: it's not just about "protein"



Source: Earthtrend database, World Resources Institute (WRI), Washington; Faostat, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

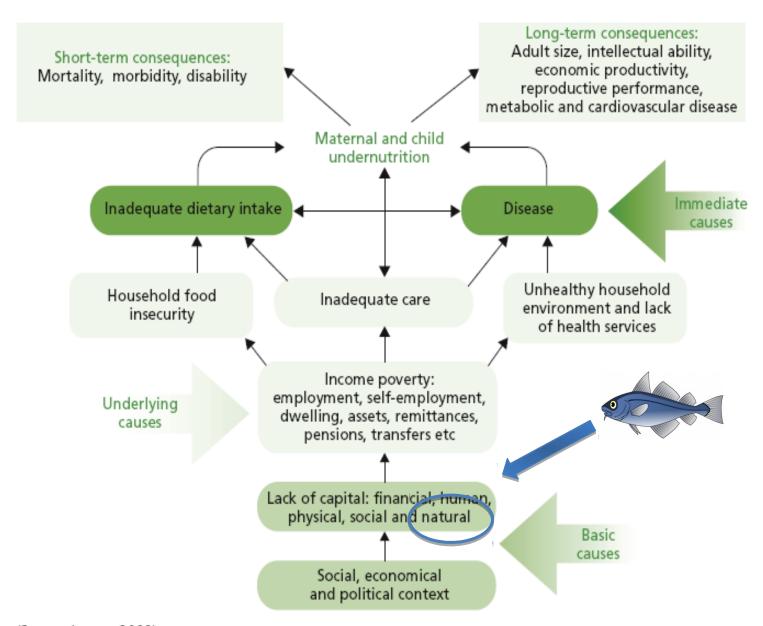
The nutritional value of fish depends on which species you choose, what parts you eat and how you cook it



Distribution of Vitamin A in *mola*, a small (4 cm) freshwater fish from Bangladesh

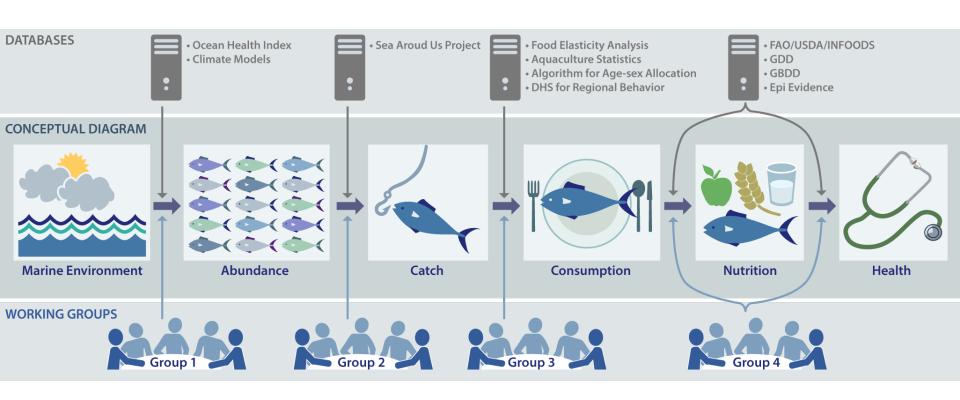
Image: Shakuntala Thilsted, WorldFish Center

The centre of your system is at the periphery of someone else's:

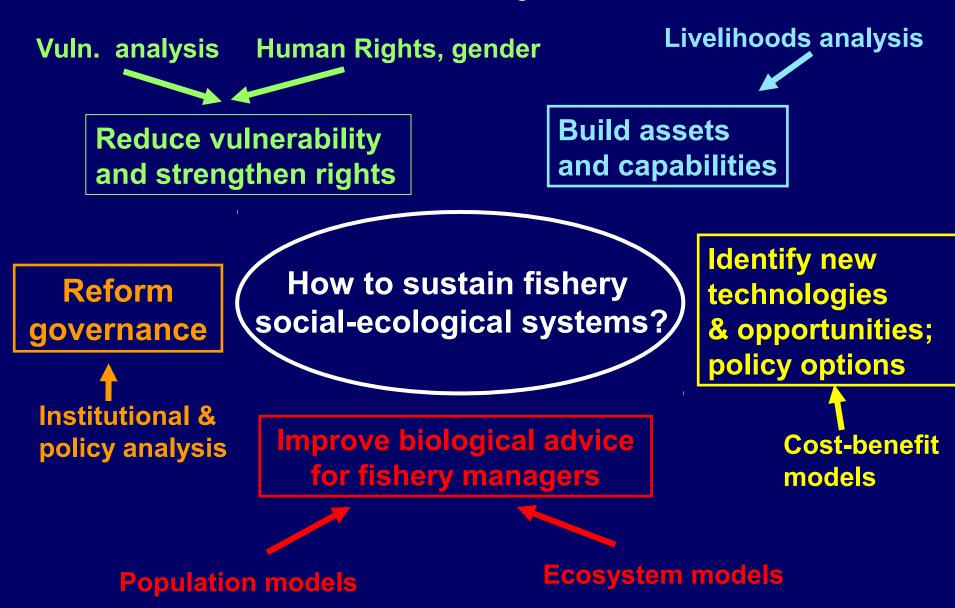


(Source: Lancet, 2008)

Quantifying the health impacts of change in fish availability SESYNC project 2016-2018



Interdisciplinarity enlarges the scope for sustainability action





Interdisciplinarity

Why scientists must work together to save the world



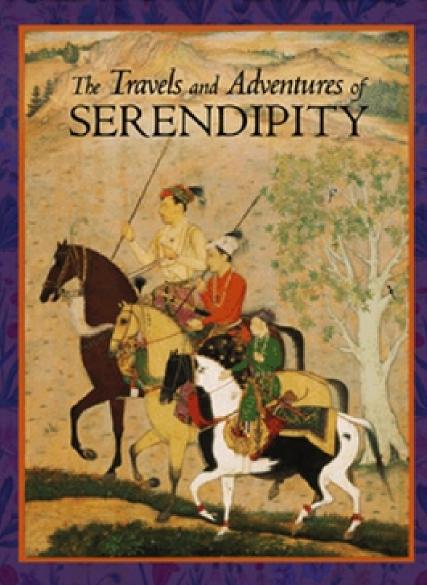
The instrumental argument has been made...

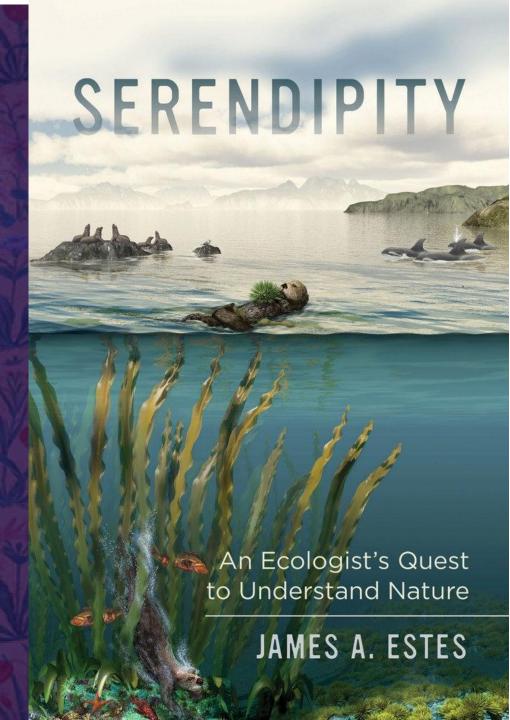
...but what about, creativity, surprise, excitement and fun?



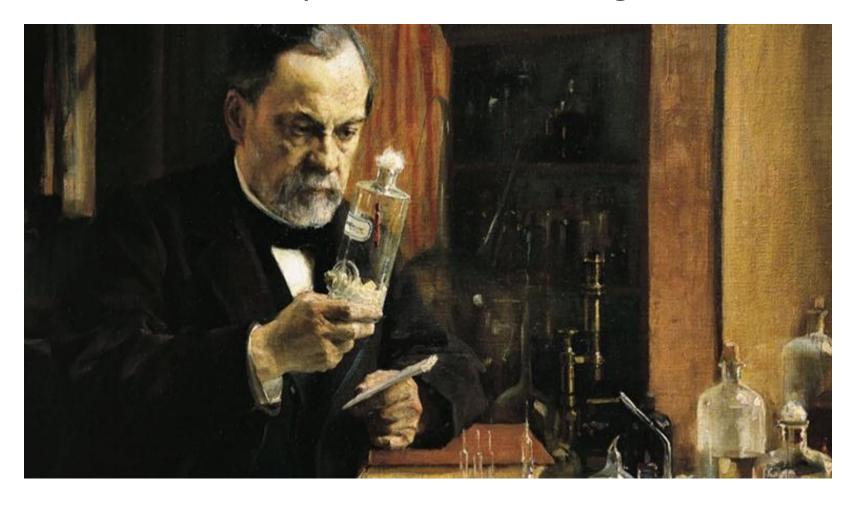
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MERTON S BARBER





Sérendipité = hasard + sagacité



"Le hasard dans les découvertes scientifiques ne sourit qu'à ceux qui y sont preparés" — Louis Pasteur



From jellyfish natural history to gene markers



Shimomura, O. (2005). The discovery of aequorin and green fluorescent protein. *Journal of microscopy*, 217(1), 3-15.

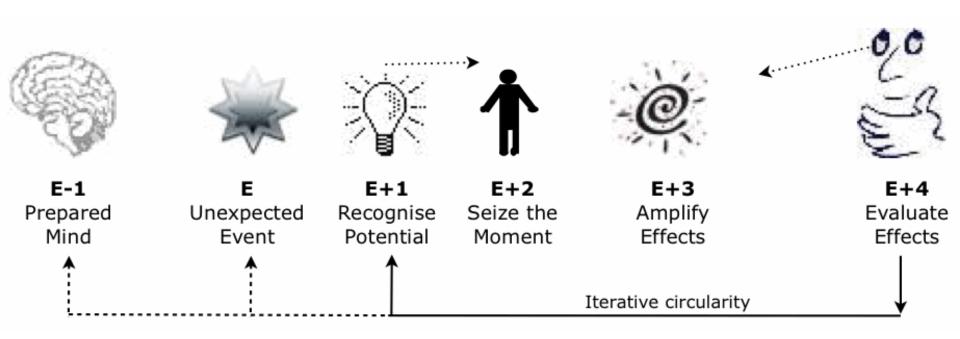
Transformative ideas from interdisciplinary research: plate tectonics



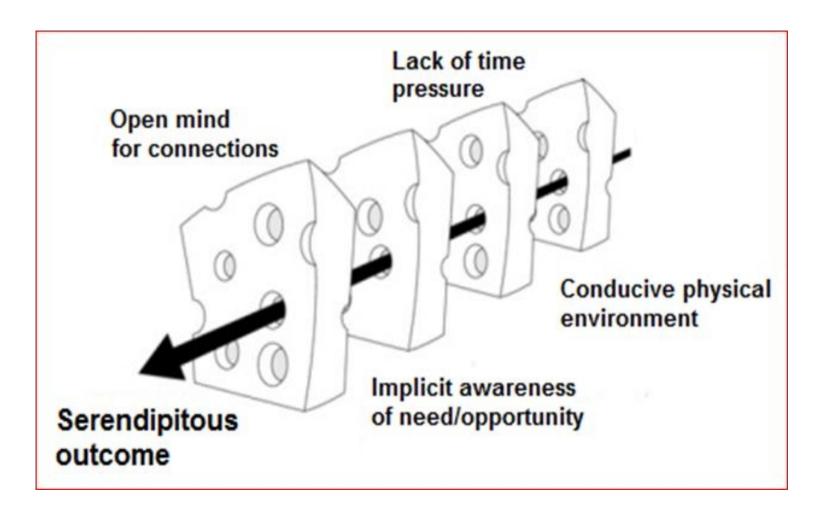
"The acceptance of continental drift has transformed the Earth sciences from a group of rather unimaginative studies based upon pedestrian interpretations of natural phenomena into a unified science that holds the promise of great intellectual and practical advances."

John Tuzo Wilson (1908 – 1993)

Becoming a serendipitous scientist



Can Serendipity be planned?



Makri, S. & Blandford, A. (2011). "What is serendipity? – A workshop report "Information Research, 16(3)

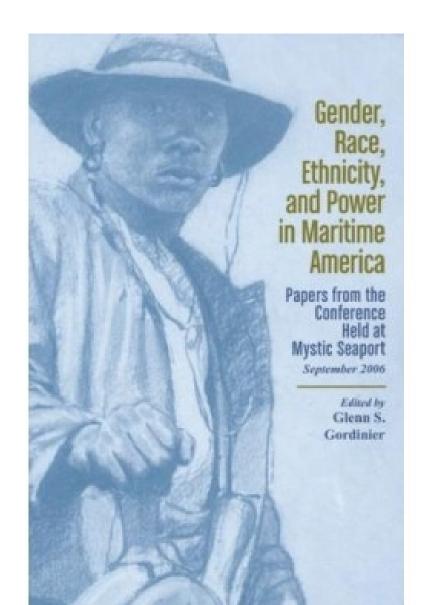


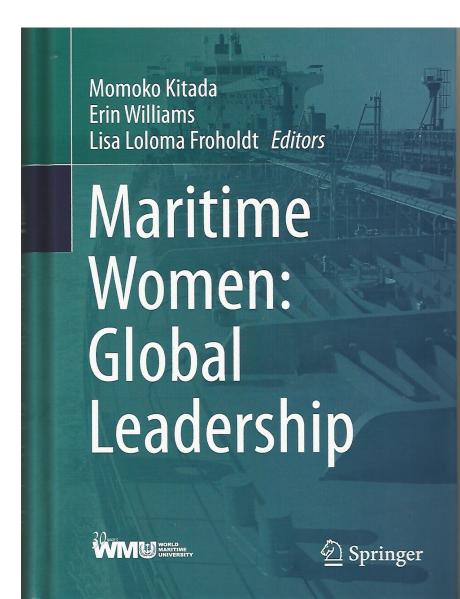
- What is interdisciplinarity and why are we doing it?
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We don't seem to study power, explicitly e.g. 'blue grabbing" -Bennett et al *Marine Policy* 2016

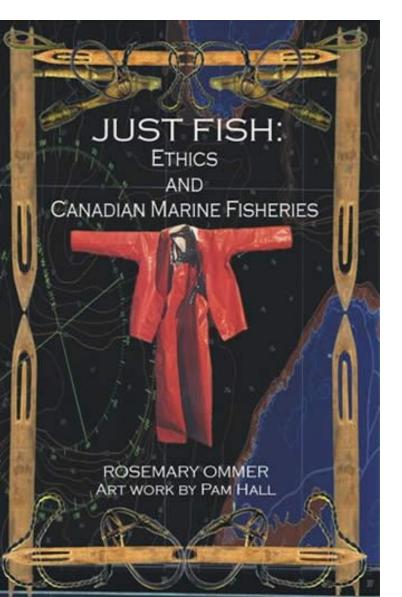


We don't sufficiently account for social differences (and historical injustice) in our 'human dimensions' work ...



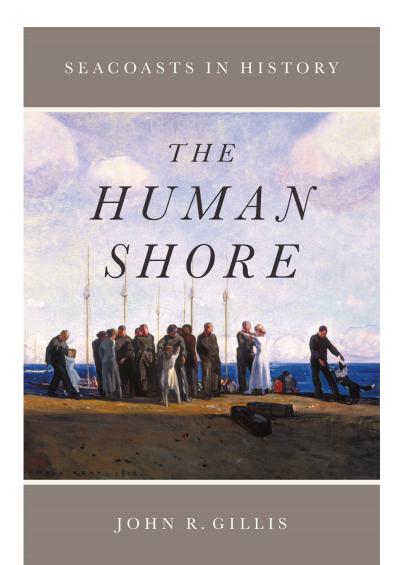


We use economics more than we use ethics when framing policy advise





Our policy advisory work tends to be ahistorical...



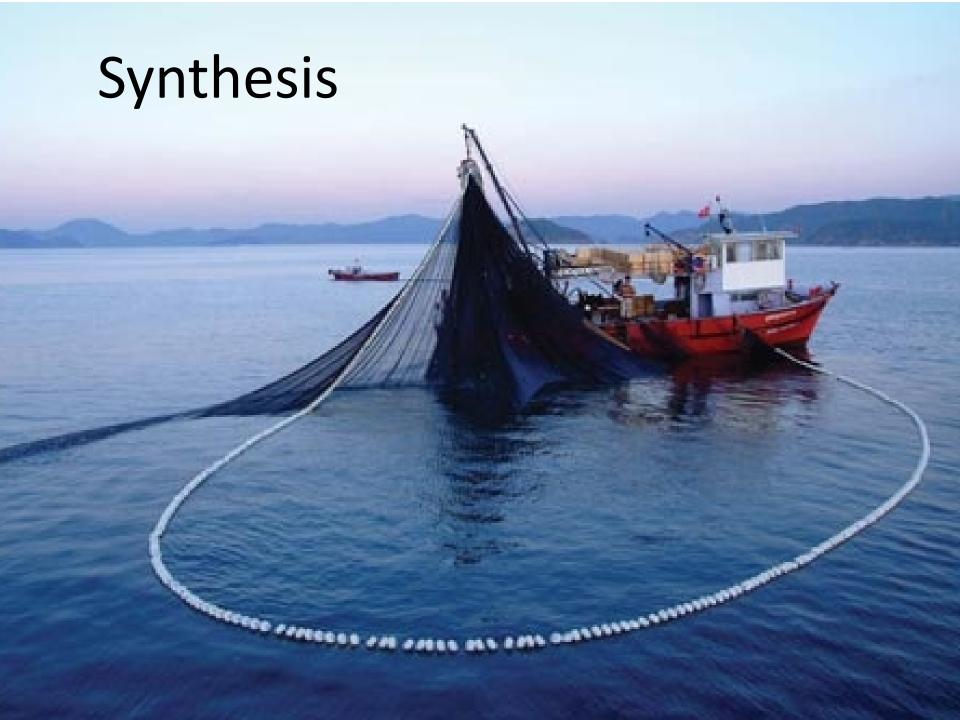
Nicolas Landry

ÉLÉMENTS D'HISTOIRE DES PÊCHES

La péninsule acadienne du Nouveau-Brunswick 1890-1950







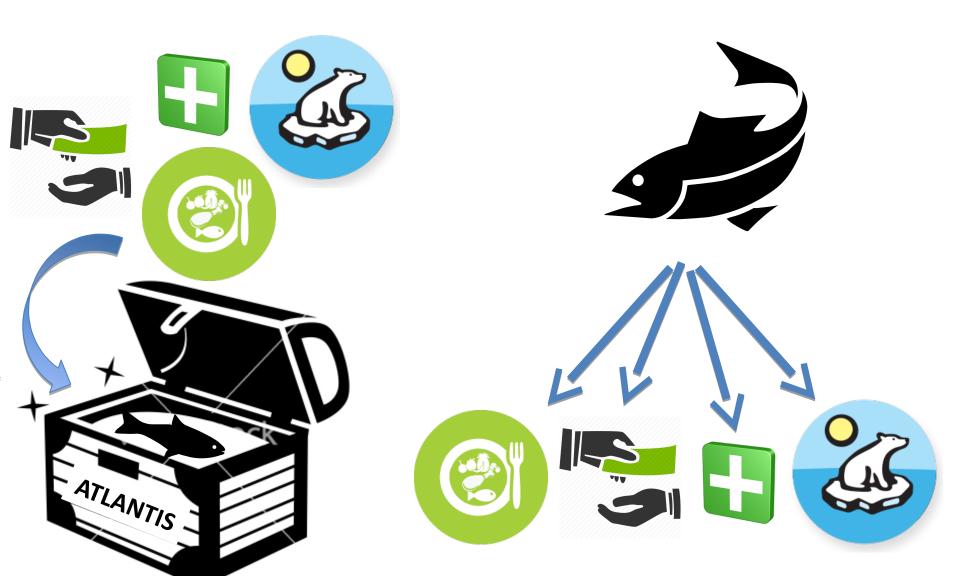
Five fundamental questions for societallyrelevant trans-disciplinary research

(Flyvberg, 2003, in Jentoft, 2007)

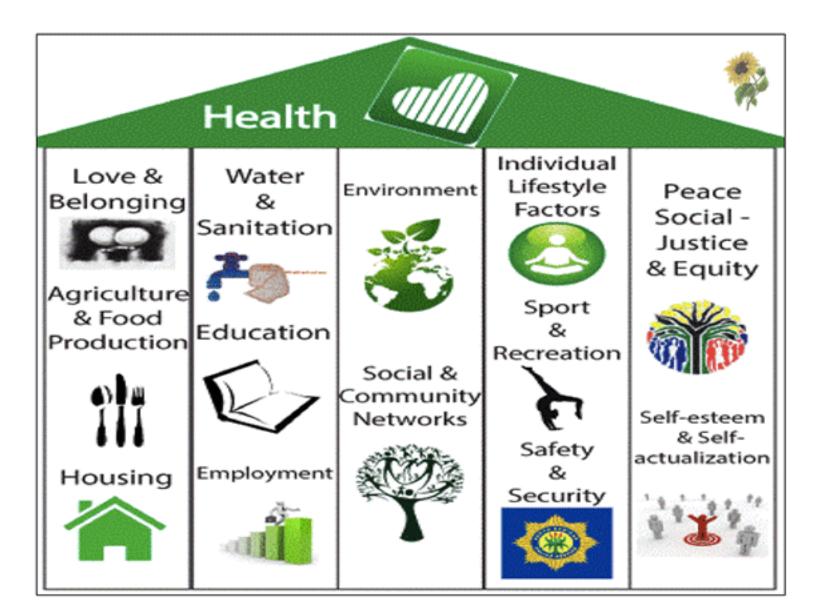
- 1. Where are we going?
- 2. Is this desirable?
- 3. Who benefits and who is losing out?
- 4. Which mechanisms of power make us stay on course?
- 5. What should be done if we are on the wrong track?

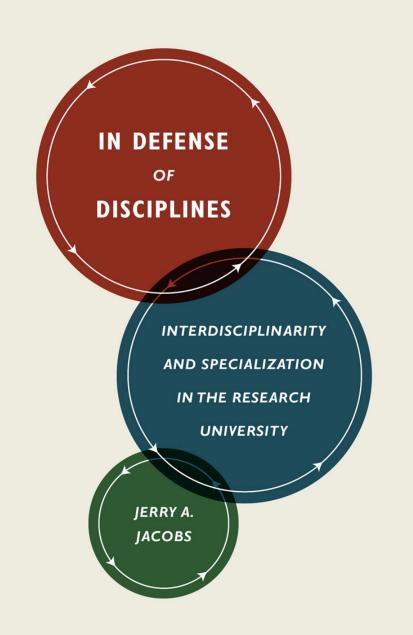


Two complementary ways to pursue interdisciplinary policy-relevant research



Interdisciplinarity and policy integration: The "Health in all policies" approach





Marine and coastal issues can only be adequately understood when studied from a range of perspectives

Interdisciplinarity needs disciplines

Interdisciplinary theory can be a site of innovation and surprise





"The fact of our imperfect understanding should not be allowed to feed our anxiety and so increase the need to control. Rather our studies could be inspired by a more ancient, but today less honoured, motive: a curiosity about the world of which we are part. The rewards of such work are not power but beauty."

Gregory Bateson., 2000 *Steps to an Ecology of Mind*. University of Chicago Press. (Originally published 1972 by Ballantine Books), p269.